Holme Lacy redux

An episcopal land-grant revisited

Dr Toby Purser

University of Northampton

The Origins of English Feudalism? An Episcopal Land-Grant Revisited*

Abstract

The debate over whether English feudalism developed immediately after the Norman Conquest or early in the twelfth century is still very much alive. The wealth of information contained in Domesday Book actually tells little of the nature of land-holding. Only three private land-grants survive from the reign of the Conqueror. One, the 1085 grant from Bishop Losinga of Hereford to Roger de Lacy, was the subject of a celebrated article by V. H. Galbraith in 1929, in which he argued that the grant was a prime example of the new feudalism developing in the wake of the Conquest. However, recent writings have challenged that traditional view. This article re-examines the grant in the light of those new views and assigns it a rather different significance.

The Land-grant in question is a grant of land in Herefordshire, to be held by knight service, made between Robert Losinga, bishop of Hereford, and Roger de Lacy, in 1085, the year before Domesday Book was compiled. Roger was listed as a tenant-in-chief in Domesday Book, holding estates in Shropshire, Worcestershire, Gloucestershire, Oxfordshire and Berkshire as well as Herefordshire: he was a wealthy and powerful man in 1085. The annual value of his lands listed in Domesday was £325 in the whole of England and £129 in Herefordshire, making him the richest layman in the

* This article was read as a paper to a Graduate Seminar at All Souls College, Oxford, and the Mahony Society, Mansfield College, Oxford. I would like to thank Dr. C. P. Lewis and Professors D. B. Crouch and M. A. Hicks for reading earlier drafts, and Dr. W. J. Bair, Mr. J. Campbell, Mr. N. Hall, Mr. W. L. Purser and Dr. D. Rundle for making helpful comments during its gestation.

¹ Public Record Office, C 115 G₃1/4095 (Chancery Masters Exhibits, Duchess of Norfolk, Scudamore Deeds). Printed with facsimiles in V. H. Galbraith, 'An episcopal land-grant of 1085', Eng. Hist. Rev., xliv (1929), 353–72, and in English Episcopal Acta VII: Hereford, 1079–1234, ed. J. Barrow (Oxford, 1993), no. 2, pp. 1–2; translated in English Historical Documents, ii, ed. D. C. Douglas and G. W. Greenaway (2nd edn., 1981), no. 221, pp. 962–3.

² All Domesday Book references are to the Phillimore edition, general editor J. Morris (London and Chichester, 1978–86) and are for Herefordshire (1983), unless otherwise stated. Lacy lands: Salop, 252b (Onibury) and 256b–256d; Worcs, 176c; Glos, 167d–168a; Oxon, 161a–b, lands in Earl William's [fitzOsbern] territory; Berks, 62c; Herefs, 184a–185b. See C. P. Lewis, 'The Norman William's (Herefordshire under William I', in Anglo-Norman Studies, vii (1985), 195–213; and for a thorough survey of the Lacy family, W. E. Wightman, The Lacy Family in England and Normandy, 1066–1194 (Oxford, 1966).

© Institute of Historical Research, vol. 73, no. 180 (February 2000)
Published by Blackwell Publishers Ltd, 108 Cowley Road, Oxford OX4 1JF, UK and 350 Main Street, Malden MA 02148, USA.

THE ENGLISH HISTORICAL REVIEW

NO. CLXXV.—JULY 1929 *

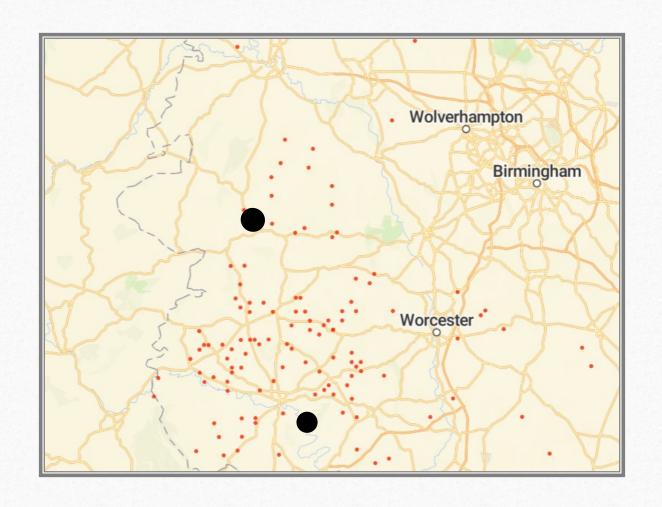
An Episcopal Land-Grant of 1085

Ι

THE document printed below ¹ is a record of two separate arrangements between Robert, bishop of Hereford, and Roger de Lacy. The first of these is the grant of Hamme (Holme Lacy), co. Hereford, for life in return for the service of two knights: the second is the grant of Onibury, co. Salop, for an annual rent of 20s. They are a part of the process of sub-infeudation after the Conquest which, by thousands of similar transactions, gave rise to the complicated tenurial system revealed by the Book of Fees and the Inquisitions post mortem. The real difficulty is to decide how far these Lacy enfeoffments are typical of the general process; and the more normal they can be shown to be, the surer will be the conclusions we can draw from them. For their very early date—and this is their supreme interest—makes them an almost unique piece of positive evidence about a movement otherwise known to us only by documents of the next generation.

Some broad questions are raised by this document: in particular the assumption that the fee (feudum) was hereditary from the moment of the Conquest, is challenged by the grant of Holme Lacy as a mere life tenancy. In France the hereditary fee was so fully developed by 1066 that it was natural to suppose English feudalism was equally hereditary from the Conquest. But so far as mesne tenants on church lands are concerned it seems likely that in some of the church baronies, notably Worcester and Hereford, the hereditary fee was slowly evolved anew in England. Even in France the life benefice was still not uncommon. Flach has pointed

Map showing Roger de Lacy's Domesday holdings in Herefordshire, Shropshire and into Worcestershire (Holme Lacy and Onibury circled)



I Doc prunlegin Rochere herefordensif rede époset illa d'rogera filia valthers notars poepet de terra éda nomine hame de que ad illa prinent que est eccle fanctae marie gentrien di ce sei adelberti martiris qua ciam polici eps in ppo dino aduretum geela a fui renebar Hane palebuf milet undelicer Roger lb epo p amicof a p pocuma requifiuir. Epo u confilio fuor conceffic illa eandem tram et contientione ut duob' militab: seruiet sibi-sicuri pater el fect ubicuq necesse fuerat, nech d'es contientione ut hommef epi de hamruna arq dehereforda a qui ad ca princir defilua acripiant ligna foliam ad op epi quantu fibi neceffe erit ad coburendit at 1d mantionel refraurandat at porce de ende manerul ex cade film pascane ille solice que per fuerun epi at co infan Adbuc wnore fi roger monachul effund uel moriat qu'neq mat neq uvor neg filu neg fre neg alige parente fuor de bac in fai dicta se intromurant sed epe quiq te erit ad phonis ser recte a sus absq illa contradictione qualis to fuera recipiate hoe acti est Anno ding marnations millelime leve v indictione vin Hui res whet funt comet Roger a fili el bago a dir fili encrard a cometia et unecomet Warmi Ofte fili Ricardi Progo fili ponen. Gerarduf de wrnai Willelm malbedan Grille cognitabili Rogeri comed. De bommin epi gerardu fr ci hanfrid archidacon Antirid por William Leuum Alfunart Saulfat Alunn Lacy Ndo Arbalard franco Armulful Trdbaldul Rorbe Gozo Olbe Perr' Ricard pincerna Debominib: rogeri derici Raulful Goffrid Odo Gerold Lice Walter. beribr'de furcif Ricard'de Hannuns berimann' de dreumf Rorbr'de balcheuilla Ricard'de eleberor. Willdm' de bross Raulful de lalcer. Hicolans. Gormund? Product roger rener adhue alia tra de meta plo epi selicer omeberie tali conditione Quadra unvert unoquoqanno infelhuntar fei martin xx folidof dabit. et p'obitu fuit tena fi monachus effecte qualifeuq te ma illa fuerte adepm abiqulla contradictione rechber. bui restellfunt Anffrid de cormetal Edric de mendloc. Ale Edric dapiter a omi supulet excepto Rogero comire a familia ida

OVDOCDADHIIM

Size of original 134 inches x 8 inches

CHARTER OF ROBERT, BISHOP OF HEREFORD, 1085 A.D.

The document (1085)

herefscire.

n hammer sure. Vi. hide gets. In some sure. i. cap!

7 xvi. uitti. 7 pt p positus 7 un francia. 7 ini. buri.

Int om biro. xx. cap 7 direct. Ibi. 1. sepuls. 7 ii. ancille.

7 x. ac ira. Silva simis leui tā. 7 chat lat.

Who as part una eccla 7 uocat las vert. 7 ibi surt

iii. car. sed ñ gets cra hui eccle. Ptr redat ii sot inse.

hanc da cen Roger se laci sub eso.

Hoc so cenuro herals com iniuste qu. e se uocu cano

nicoz. Rex W. redats Walterio eso.

T. R. E. ualt. ix. lit. moso. vii. lit. Hantreev ho

The Domesday entry for Hamme (1086)

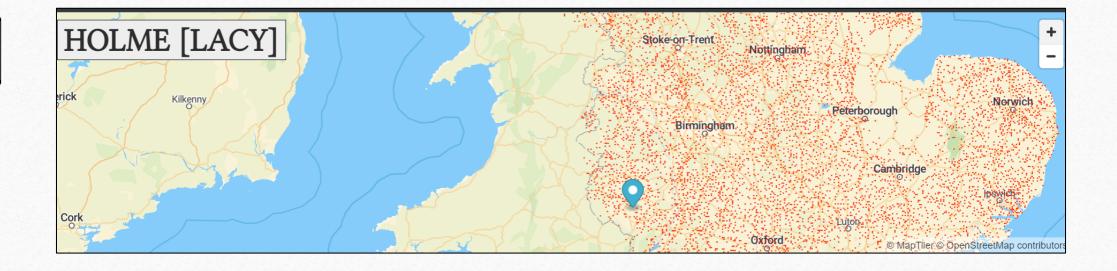
Thoc prunlegin Rochert herefordensis seda éposni illi a rogeru fili walthers notars poepe de terra éda nomine hama a que ad illa prinent que est eccle fanctac marie genitrien di ce sei adelberti martiris qua cram polici epe in ppo dino aduletum geela a fui renebar Hane palebuf milet undelicer Roger lb epo p amicof a p pocuma requifiuir. Epo u confilio fuor conceffic illa eandem tram et contientione ut duob' militab: serutet sibi-sicuri parer et fect ubicuq-necesse fuerat, nech d'es contientione ut hommef epi de hamruna arq dehereforda a qui ad ca princir defilua acripiant ligna foliam ad op epi quantu fibi neceffe erit ad coburendii a id mamionel reftaurandal a porca de ende manerul ex cade filma pateane illa fedica qui por fuerun epi a co infap Adbuc wnore fi roger monachul effund uel moriat qu'neq mat neq uvor neg filu neg fre neg alige parente fuor de bac in fai dieta se impromirant sed epe quin te erit ad pricini ser recte a sui absq illa commadictione qualis te fuera recipiate Doc acta eft Anno ding marnations millelime leve v indictione vin Hui res whet funt comet Roger a fili el bago a dir fili encrard a cometia et unecomet Warm Ofbe hit Reards Progo hit poners. Gerarduf de wrnas Willelm malbed an Grille cognitabilit Rogers commer. De bommin epi gerardu fr ci hanfrid archidacon Antirid por William Leuum Alfunart Saulfat Alunn Lacy Ndo Arbalard franco Armulful Trdbaldul Rorbe Gozo Olbe Perr' Ricard pincerna Debominib: rogeri derici Raulful Goffrid Odo Gerold Lice Walter. beribr'de furcif Ricard'de fantuna berimann' de dreum Rothe'de balcheuilla Ricard'de eleberor Willdin debroia Raulful de lalcer Hicolans. Cormund'. Pradict' roger vener adhue alia via de metu plo epi senter omeberie tali conditione Quadru uncert unoquoq anno infelhuntar fei martin xx folidof dabit. et p'obitu fuit tena fi monachus effecte qualifeuq te ma illa fuerte adepm abiqulla contradictione redibit. bui resettel funt Antirid de cormelis Edric de mendloc. ili Edric dapiter et omi supdicts excepto Rogero comire a familia ida

CHARTER OF ROBERT, BISHOP OF HEREFORD, 1085 A.D.

The document

Domesday Book, Holme Lacy and 'middle' England

(note the very obvious delineation with Wales)



The witness-list (Earl Roger and Walter's households)

Earl Roger

Hugh, his son

Everard, his other son

The countess

Sheriff Warin

Obsert son of Richard

Drew son of Pons

Gerard de Tournai

William Malbedan [Malbank]

Gilbert, constable of Earl Roger

clerks:

Ralph, Gosfrid Odo Gerold

Laymen:

Walter

Herbert de Furcis

Richard de Stanton

Herman de Drew [Dreux]

Robert de Baskerville

Robert de Esketot [Ectot]

William Devereux [de Evreux]

Ralph de Salcet [le Saussey]

Nicholas Gotmund

Onibury:

Ansfrid de Cormailles [Cormeilles] Edric de Wenloc [Wenlock]

Another Edric, steward

And all the above, except for the Earl Roger and his household