



## Environmental Psychology For Sustainable Environmental Management

Dr S. Banga









## **Role of Psychology**

























### **Attitudes**

### Components of an Attitude

Affective, cognitive, conative

### Where do Attitudes come from?

- Social Learning
- Conditioning
- Direct Experience
- Genetic Factors



Cognitive Dissonance

Measuring Attitudes – Do they reflect behaviour?





# Ajzen, 1991 Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB)

### **Subjective Norms**

Normative belief: "My children wants

me to cycle and not drive".

Motivation: "I want to please them".

#### Attitude towards behaviour

e.g. <u>belief:</u> "cycling will be better for the environment and my health".

Value: "Both are essential".

#### Perceived behavioural control

Person's expectancies of ease or difficulty of performing intended behaviour (situational constraints, self control)

E.g. "It will be easy to quit driving!"

"I can't do it!"

"I can start cycling"

"Too easy to just keep driving"

## Behavioural Intention

An internal declaration to act.

E.g. "I will begin cycling tomorrow!!"

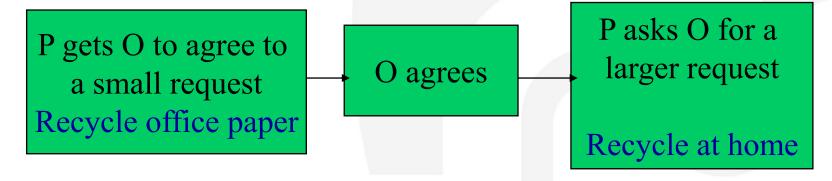
Behaviour Still driving!





## **Getting compliance**

Foot-in-the-door technique



The door-in-the-face

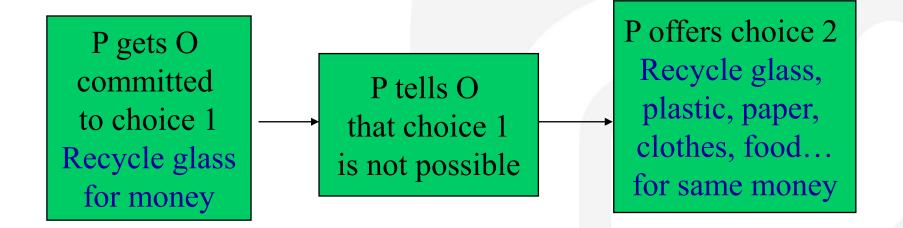
P makes a
very big request
Remove all litter
from district!

P makes a
Smaller request
Remove litter from
Small area





#### Low ball



Rules half way through





### Extraversion - introversion

- Degree of preference for stimulation from the environment
- Understand and predict environmental behaviour

### Sociable - unsocial

 Social space, levels of stress, public transport, sense of direction

#### Person - environment fit

Each maximising / the other e.g trusting vs. Defensive traits



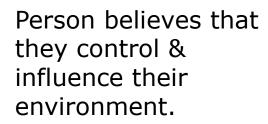


## **Personality factors**

Locus of control = sense of control a person feels they have over their life/behaviour and environment

## INTERNAL Locus of Control

**EXTERNAL** 



Personal decisions and efforts determine outcomes



Person believes chance, luck, outside control determine environments. Own behaviour makes no difference. Governments & Councils responsible for the environments