Active digital education for inclusive pedagogies

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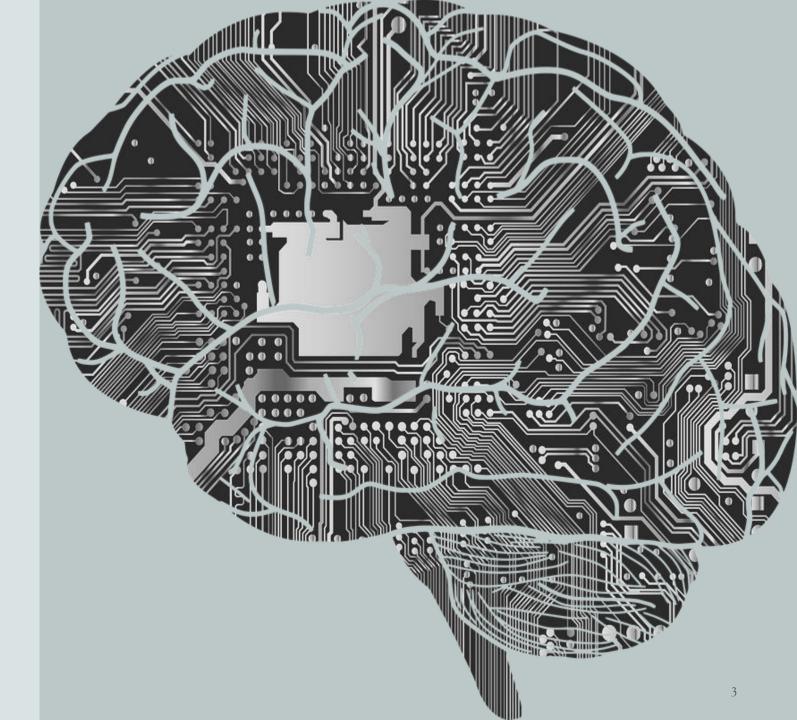
Introductions





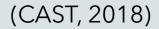
Agenda

- Introductions
- UDL as a framework for inclusivity
- Introduction to Active Digital
 Education
 - Discussion



Introduction to Universal Design for Learning





Universal Design for Learning (CAST, 2018)

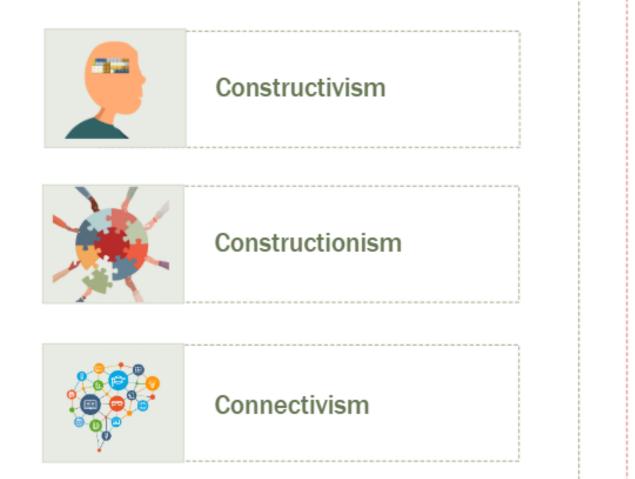




Introduction to Active Digital Education

Theoretical Background

3 Cs learning theories: An emphasis on social learning



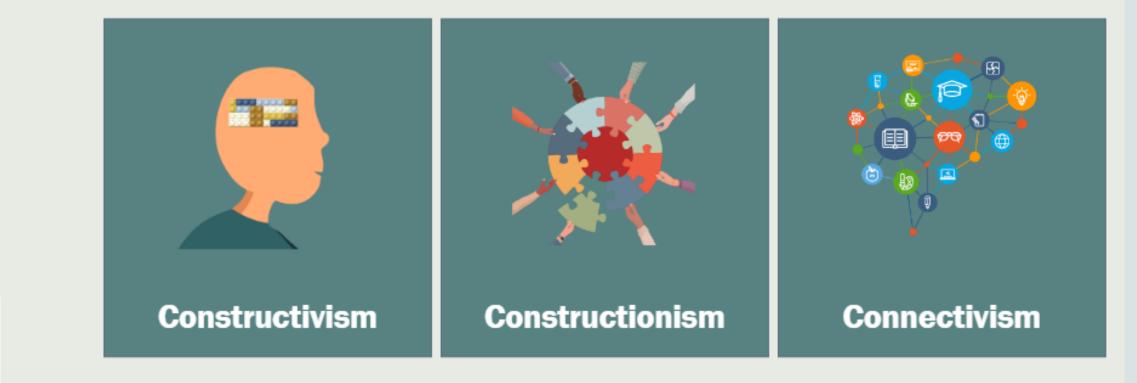
Examples from Practice

Digital pedagogies and tools in action in learning



- Active Digital Education (ADE) teaching and learning strategies:
 - Are characterised by a digitally rich learning environment
 - Involve collaboration between students and tutors

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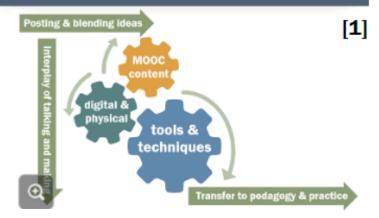
ADE attributes align with the 3 Cs that view learning as a social process.



A learning journey may move in and out of cognitive, digital and physical domains.

They demonstrate that establishing engaged communities of learners increases enjoyment of learning.

The Process of Collective Knowledge Building Within an ADE Learning Community





The making of digital artefacts prompts re-discussion and remixing of content.

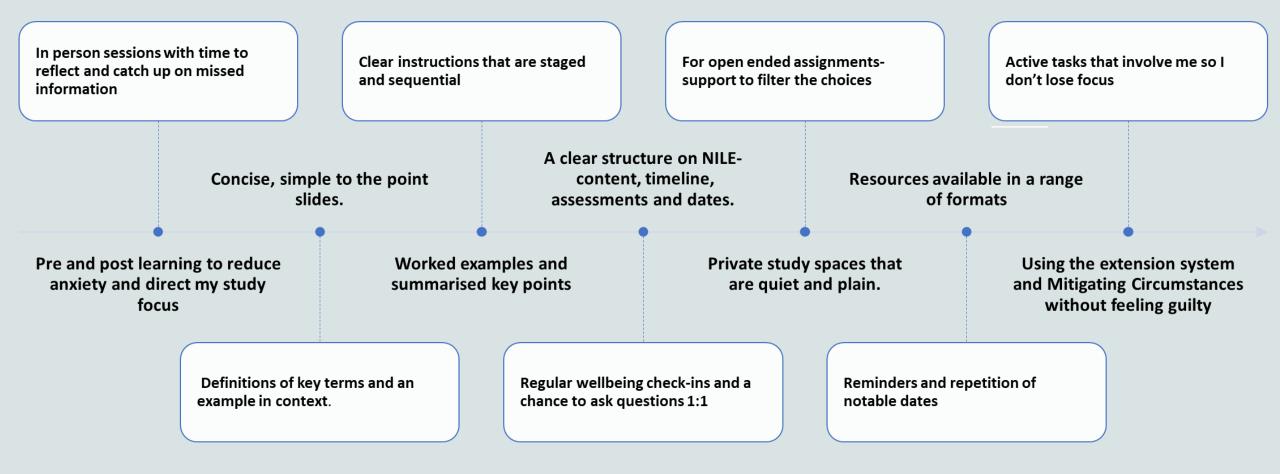


A rich collective content and shared understandings can represent different connections.



Example 2: The lived experiences of neurodiverse learners at the University of Northampton

		'Asking us what we want and how best we learn would be appreciated.' <i>Participant</i> Q
 Physical things that help me to learn. Visual cues and diagrams Quiet with frequent breaks Practical activities Demonstrations and being guided Face to face interactions 	 Physical things that stop me from learning. Noise and loud open spaces Big groups Overstimulation (multiple tasks or messy slides) Fatigue My phone 	
 Emotional things that help me to learn. Reassurance and support (from peers and lecturers) Being able to ask questions Interesting content Staff having time for me 	 Emotional things that stop me from learning. Big groups None direct instructions with abstract interpretations Expectations of socialisation Feeling stressed and anxious. 	



ADE Examples From Practice Trinity College These examples demonstrate tools related to aspects of ADE learning including: Sensemaking **Communities** Collective Inclusion Student Learner experience of practice knowledge engagement building

Example 1: Remaking and Reconceptualising **Digital Artefacts**



Example 2: A Student's Perspective of Student Engagement and Learner Experience

Example 3: Enhancing Student Skills Through Personal and Collective Collaboration

Example 4: Creating **Collaboratively Online**



Example 5: **Building Graduate** Skills Through Simulation

Example 1: Remaking and Reconceptualising Digital Artefacts

Sensemaking

Sensemaking is integral to ADE.



Students interpret ideas and demonstrate their understanding.

 There is an interplay of action and interpretation as ideas are reconceptualised and re-represented.

Remodelling, Reinterpreting and Reordering Existing Material

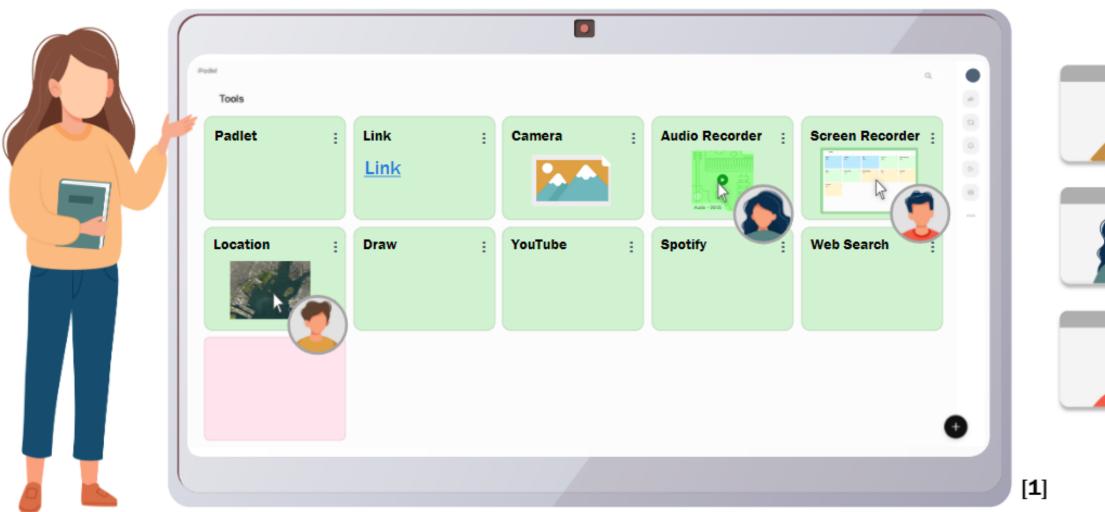


- Students experimented with, and designed, digital artefacts to best communicate the material.
- Their posts served as a catalyst for further reflections and reinterpretations.



Example 1: Remaking and Reconceptualising Digital Artefacts

Activity: Remaking a Padlet



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Example 2: A Student's Perspective of Student Engagement and Learner Experience **Online Experiences**

ADE offers choices and greater freedom within a digital environment.



- Meaningful interaction with other learners
- Collaborative Increased opportunities authenticity



 Potential for thoughtful responses to course content



Choose Your Learning Environment



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ADE offers a range of ways to engage with learning.

Example 3: Enhancing Student Skills Through Personal and Collective Collaboration

Collaborative Content Creation Focusing on Classroom Behaviour Management

Collaborative content creation:



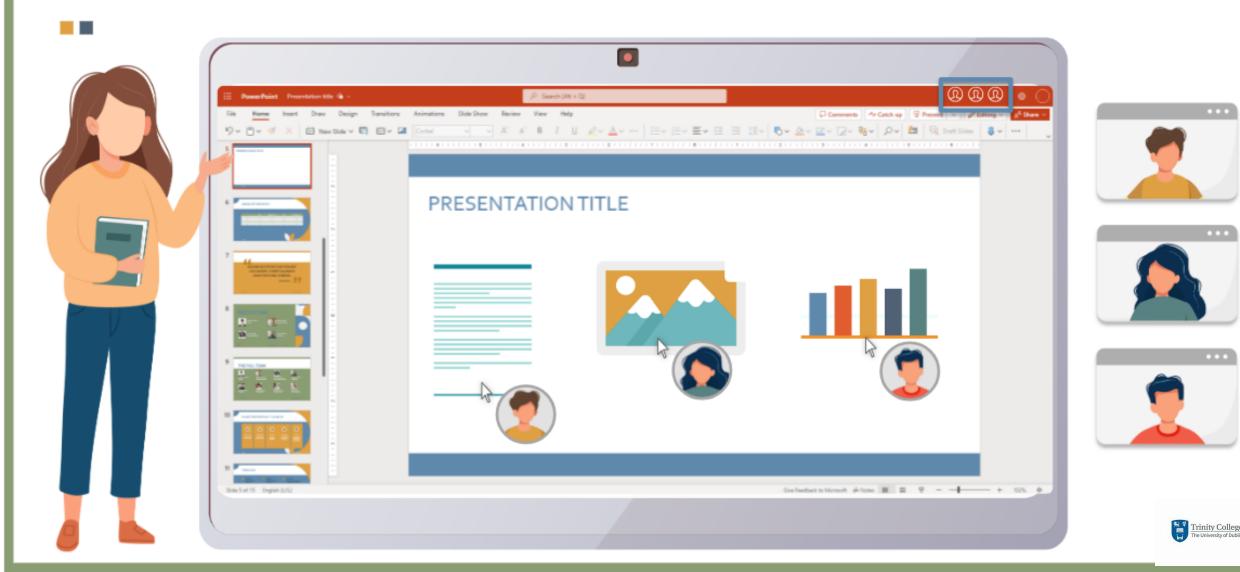
Allows learning to evolve out of social behaviours and engagement with others





Example 4: Creating Collaboratively Online

ADE Increases Student Autonomy and Engagement





Example 5: Building Graduate Skills Through Simulation

Using Virtual Reality to Create a Simulated Teaching Placement

Requiring individuals to work in teams fosters:



• Time management



Cooperation



Responsibility



ADE combines:

- Sensemaking activities
- Focused and engaging interactions

The digital environment enables students to focus on:

Knowledge construction

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- Reflection
- Critique

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Universal Design for Learning (UDL):

- Can be used with ADE to enhance inclusivity
- Enables learning design or modification for the greatest diversity of learners
- Offers multiple opportunities for engagement, representation and expression in learning environments

Recommendations when planning or reflecting upon ADE:

- Recognise the process of active and creative social learning leading to collective knowledgebuilding
- Use technology tools that allow for multimodal responses that foster inclusivity and allow for responding and remixing

References

This presentation is adapted from a chapter in the book The Impact of COVID-19 on Teaching and Learning in Higher Education:

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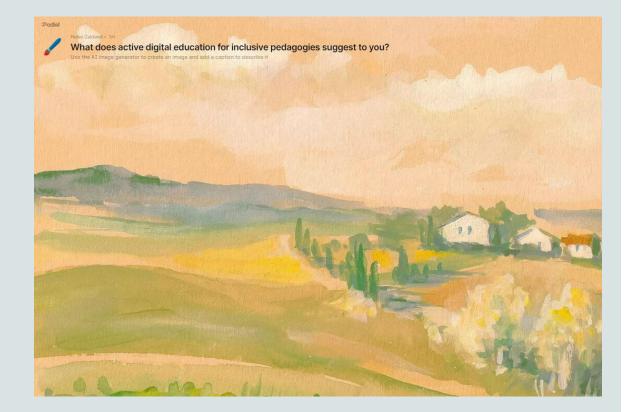
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Task



https://uon1.padlet.org/helen_caldwell2/a ctivedigitaleducation



What does active digital education for inclusive pedagogies suggest to you?

Use the AI image generator to create an image and add a caption to describe it.

